

Class IX Subject- Mathematics - Semester -1

MM: 80

1. All questions are	compulsory.			
			four sections A, B, C & D.	
			omprises of eight questions of	
		juestions of 03 marks e	ach and section D comprises	
of six questions of C		io o au octiono automo aco	u que te calest ave compet	
option out of given f		nce questions where you	u are to select one correct	
		al choice has been proi	vided in one question of 02	
			f 04 mark each. You have to	
attempt only one of	the alternatives in all su			
5. Use of calculators				
	Section - 'A' (car	ry one mark each		
1. A rational numb	er equivalent to $5/7$ is	5:		
_			_	
(a) 15/17	(b) 25/27	(c) 10/14	(d) 10/27	
2. Given polynomi	(b) $25/27$ al then is: $p(t) =$	$t^{4} - t^{3} + t^{2} +$	6 then n(-1) is:	
	p(t) =		o, then $p(-1)$ is.	
(a) 6		(b) ⁹		
(c) 3		(d) -1		
(0)			(d) 1	
3. In quad ABCD	BM $\perp AC$ and DN $\perp AC$, such that BM=DN. If	BR =8cm then BD is	
a) 4 cm		b)2cm		
c) 12cm		•	d) 16cm	
c, 22cm		• ,	255	
4. Given two points A	and B, there is one and only one	that contains both the point.	This statement is known as	
a) Axiom		b) Theorem		
c) Postulates		d) All of these		
c) Postulates		u) All of these		
5. Given a line seg	ment AB. P is the point	on the perpendicular	bisector of line segment	
	•	• •	P from line segment AB is	
a) 6cm	b) 5cm	c) 7cm	d)8cm	
•	,	•	•	
o. II the two comp	lementary angles are i	n the ratio 13:5, the	n the angles are:	

Time: $3-3^{1}/_{2}$ hrs.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

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(a) 65°,35°

(b) 65°, 25°

(c) $13x^{\circ}$, $5x^{\circ}$

- (d) 25°, 65°
- 7. The square root which number is rational:
 - (a) 7

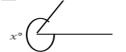
c) 0.04

- (b) 1.96
- (d) 13
- 8. If polynomial $p(x) = 3x^4 4x^3 3x 1$ is divided by (x-1), then remainder is:
- (a)3

(b) -4

(c)-1 (d) None of these

- 9. In the figure < x is
- a) Reflexive angle b) Acute angles c) Obtuse angle d) Exterior angle

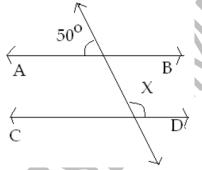


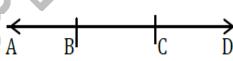
- 10. What is the common between the three angles of a triangle & a linear pair:
- (a) angles are equal

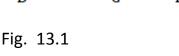
- (b) in both cases sum of angles is 180°
- (c) in triangle there are three angles & in linear pair there are two angles. (d) All of these

Section - 'B' (carry two marks each)

- 11. Express 23. $\overline{43}$ in form p/q where q \neq 0
- 12. Find the value of x, if AB||CD







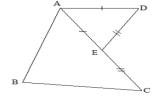
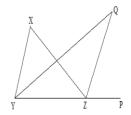


fig.16.1

- 13. In fig 13.1 if AC=BD, then prove that AB=CD.
- 14 The sides of a triangular plot are in the ratio of 3:5:7 and its perimeter is 300m. Find its area.
- 15. Evaluate (-1/27)^{-2/3}
- 16. In the given fig.16.1 DE = EC. Show that AB + BC > AD
- 17. In fig. the side YZ of \triangle XYZ is produced to a point P. if the bisectors of < XYZ and < XZP meet at point Q. then prove that <YQZ = $\frac{1}{2}$ < YXZ.



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18. If a transversal intersects two lines such that the bisectors PQ and RS of a pair of corresponding angles are parallel, and then prove that two liens PQ and RS are parallel.

SECTION C

Question numbers 19 to 28 carry 3 marks each.

19. Simplify the following by rationalising the denominators

$$\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}+\frac{6\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{3}}$$

OR

If
$$\frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}} = a - \sqrt{15}b$$
, find the values of a and b.

20. If
$$a=9-4\sqrt{5}$$
, find the value of $a-\frac{1}{a}$.

OR

If x =
$$3+2\sqrt{2}$$
, find the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$

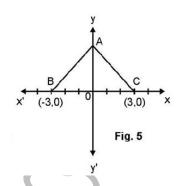
- 21. Represent $\sqrt{3.5}$ on the number line.
- 22. If (x-3) and $x \frac{1}{3}$ are both factors of $ax^2 + 5x + b$, show that a = b.
- 23. Find the value of $x^3+y^3+15xy-125$ when x+y=5.

OR

If
$$a+b+c=6$$
, find the value of $(2-a)^3+(2-b)^3+(2-c)^3-3(2-a)(2-b)(2-c)$

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24. In Fig. 5. ABC is an equilateral triangle with coordinates of B and C as B(-3, 0) and C (3, 0) Find the coordinates of the vertex A.



25. Factorize:

$$x^{12} - y^{12}$$

26. Prove:
$$a^3+b^3+c^3-3abc=\frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)[(a-b)^2+(b-c)^2+(c-a)^2]$$

- 27. Locate the points (5,8), (0,5), (2,5), (5,2), (-3,0), (8,0) in the Cartesian plane
- 28. Find the area of a triangle, two sides of which are 18 cm and 10 cm and the perimeter is 42 cm.

Section - 'D' (carry four marks each)

- **29.** In a qud. ABCD , BO and CO are bisectors o interior angles B and C intersecting at O. Show that $<BOC = 90^{\circ} + 1/2 < BAC$
- 30. Factories: $x^3 23x^2 + 142x + 120$
- 31. Factorize $:4x^2 + 9y^2 + 16z^2 + 12xy 24yz 16xz$
- 32. In Fig. 9, PS is bisector of \angle QPR; PT \perp RQ and \angle Q> \angle R. Show that \angle TPS = $\frac{1}{2}(\angle$ Q- \angle R).
- 33. In ∆ABC, right angled at A, (Fig. 10), AL is drawn perpendicular to BC. Prove that ∠BAL = ∠ACB.
- In Fig. 11, AB=AD, AC=AE and ∠BAD = ∠CAE. Prove that BC = DE.

