BSE Coaching for Mathematics and Science

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, PATNA REGION

TERM II (SA-II) 2014-15

Subject - Social Science Class – IX

Time - 3 Hours

Maximum Marks - 90

General Instructions:-

- 1. The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are very short answer questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 3. Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- 4. Questions from serial number 21 to 26 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 word each
- 5. Question number 27 to 28 is map questions. After completion, attach the map inside your answer book.
- 6. Questions number 29 to 30 of QTBA are 5 marks each questions.
- 41. Name the Indian batsman who became country's first test captain .(1) Or What was suffrage movement?
- 2. Sundari tree is example of which type of Naturalvegetation? (1)
- 3. A set of norms and guidelines to be followed by political parties and candidates during elections are known by which name? (1)
- 4. What is the tenure of Loksabha in India.
- 5. How many members are nominated by the president in Rajya Sabha.
- 6. What is the other name of white revolution? (1)
- 7. In which state of India the famous Co-operative AMUL is located?(1)
- 8. What is NREGA?
- 9. Who introduced scientific forestry in India? Explain scientific forestry (3) Or Describe the life of Raikas Community of Rajasthan.
 - Or Who were red Indians?

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(10. What changes were brought about with the coming of modern

agriculture in England? Mention any three points .	(3)
Or Explain any three features of forest Act. Of 1878. Or Describe the life of the Dhangars of Maharashtra.	
11. How have advances in television technology affected the	
development of contemporary cricket?	(3)
Or Mention any three changes in women's clothing style as a	result of the
two world wars? 12.Describe any three features of Retreating Monsoons.	(3)
	(3)
14. How do forests play a productive role? Explain.	(3)
15."LokSabha is more powerful than RajyaSabha". Explain t	
statement by giving three examples. 16.Write the role of speaker in parliament.	(3)
17.India is a secular country, how?	(3)
18. Explain any three positive points of public distribution sy	stem. (3)
19.Explain the three impact of poverty in India?	(3)
20. What is meant by Buffer stock? Why the Government creat stock?	te Buffer 1+2=(3)
21 Write the any three main features of shifting cultivation.	Why this
process was considered harmful for the forest, by European	n? 3+2=(5)
Or When and why did the colonial government in India pass th	e Crimina
Tribal Act.	BUTY THESAS
Or Describe the five advantages of the use of machine to the b	ig farmer
of the great plains of the U.S.A	. Explain a
22. List any five developments that have taken place in cricket a	after 1970. (5
Or What were the responses to Mahatma Gandhi call to wear	khadi?
23. The structure of population is the index of the development country. How? Give Example.	(3)
24 . Explain different types of vegetation found in India?	

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- 25 . "Right to freedom is not only a right but also a group of many rights" .Explain . (5)
- 26. Explain the process of the appointment of the prime minister. Write the works of the prime minister 1+4=(5)
- 27. Three features A,B,C are shown in the political outline map of India, Identify these features with the help of following and write their correct names on the line marked on the map . (3)
 - A Pastoralist in Rajasthan. B- Big city in west Begal
 - C- Pastoralist in Himachal Pradesh.
 - 28. On the outline political map of India show the following .(3)
 - (i) Gir forest (ii) Kaziranga (iii) The place of highest rainfall.

O.T.B.A

- 29. According to the story explain the causes of poorness of Manjeet.(5) Or Write the characteristics of the people of slum area .
- 30. Why the people migrate from rural to urban area? (5)



