# KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, HYDERABAD REGION SAMPLE PAPER 02 FOR SESSING ENDING EXAM (2017-18)

SUBJECT: SCIENCE MAX. MARKS: 80
CLASS: IX DURATION: 3 HRS

### **General Instructions:**

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. The question paper comprises of two Sections, A and B. You are to attempt both the sections.
- 3. All questions of Section-A and Section-B are to be attempted separately.
- 4. There is an internal choice in three questions of three marks each and two question of five marks.
- 5. Question number 1 to 2 in Section-A are one mark question. These are to be answered in one word or in one sentence.
- 6. Question numbers 3 to 5 in Section-A are two marks questions. These are to be answered in about 30 words each.
- 7. Question numbers 6 to 15 in Section-A are three marks questions. These are to be answered in about 50 words each.
- 8. Question numbers 16 to 21 in Section-A are five marks questions. These are to be answered in about 70 words each.
- 9. Question numbers 22 to 27 in Section-B are questions based on practical skills and are two marks questions.

## SECTION – A

- 1. Name the term which is used for the following:
  - (i) The left and right halves of the body have the same design.
  - (ii) The animal tissue differentiate from the three embryonic germ layers.
- 2. What would happen if carbon dioxide content of the atmosphere increases?
- 3. What is biological fixation? How is it different from nitrification? Give an example of organism involved in each of these.
- 4. (a) Sound is produced when your school bell is struck with a hammer. Why?
  - (b) Which characteristic of sound helps to identify your friend by his voice while sitting with others in a dark room?
- **5.** Where is ozone layer found in atmosphere? What is its importance? Write the harmful effects of UV rays?
- **6.** Define weeding. Name some common tools used for weeding.
- 7. Give reasons:
  - (a) A karate player suddenly reduces the speed of his hand while hitting an ice slab.
  - (b) Glass ware are covered with paper and straw while transportation.
- 8. A student lifts an object in the upward direction. In doing so, he applies the force on the object in the upward direction and displaces it in that direction: (However, the force of gravity is also acting on the object.)
  - (a) State the direction in which force of gravity is acting on it.
  - (b) Which one of these forces is doing positive work? Give reason.
  - (c) Which one of these forces is doing negative work? Give reason.

OR

(a) Define kinetic energy.

- (b) The masses of scooter and bike are in the ratio of 2:3, but both are moving with the same speed of 108 km/h. Compute the ratio of their kinetic energy.
- **9.** (a) Define matter and write its three states.
  - (b) Explain how these states of matter arise due to variation in the characteristics of the particles.

#### OR

Define the following terms: (a) Latent heat of fusion. (b) Melting point. (c) Fusion.

- **10.** Define solubility. How does solubility. How does solubility of a solid in water change with temperature?
- 11. (a) Define atomic mass unit.
  - (b) Distinguish between molecular mass and molar mass.
  - (c) Give an example of (i) diatomic, and (ii) triatomic molecule of compounds.
- 12. Define the following terms: Protoplasm, cytoplasm, nucleoplasm
- 13. Write the name used for the following:
  - (a) Plants which bear naked seeds.
  - (b) Animals which have pseudocoelom.
  - (c) Animals which maintain a certain body temperature over a wide range of temperature in the environment.

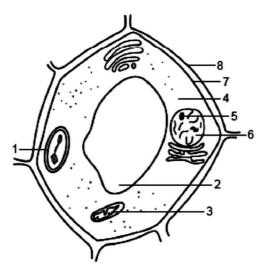
#### OR

- (a) List any two main characteristics of protochordates.
- (b) In which class would you place any organism which has-
- (i) four chambered heart and lay eggs.
- (ii) skeletons made of both bones and cartilage and are cold-blooded.
- **14.** (a) Define uniform acceleration. What is the acceleration of a body moving with uniform velocity?
  - (b) A particle moves over three quarters of a circle of radius r. What is the magnitude of its displacement?
- **15.** A boy of mass 50 kg running 5 m/s jumps on to a 20 kg trolley travelling in the same direction at 1.5 m/s. Find their common velocity.
- **16.** (a) What are communicable diseases?
  - (b) What are common methods of transmission of diseases?
- 17. (a) Calculate the number of oxygen atoms in 0.10 mole of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.10H<sub>2</sub>O.
  - (b) If one mole of sulphur weighs 32 grams, what is the mass (in grams) of 1 atom of sulphur?
  - (c) Identify the correct formula for ammonium sulphate from the following formula:
  - $(NH_4)(SO_4)_3,(NH_4)_2SO_4,NH_4(SO_4)_2$
- **18.** How were cathode rays produced using a discharge tube? Give four properties of cathode rays. Why does e/m ratio of negatively charged particles remain constant for all gases? Draw a neat and labelled diagram of a cathode ray tube.

#### OR

- (a) What are the postulates of Bohr's model of an atom?
- (b) Show diagrammatically the electron distributions in Sodium, Lithium and Aluminium atoms.
- 19. (a) Define 1 kWh.
  - (b) A crane is lifting a body to a height h in time t. Find the relation between the power of crane to the speed at which it is lifting the object.

- (c) If an electric iron of 1600 W is used for 45 minutes everyday, find the electric energy consumed in the month of March.
- 20. Given below is a diagrammatic sketch of a certain generalised cell.
  - (a) Name the parts numbered as 1 to 8.
  - (b) Is it a plant cell or an animal cell? Give two reasons in support of your answer.
  - (c) Give the functions of parts marked as 1, 6 and 8.

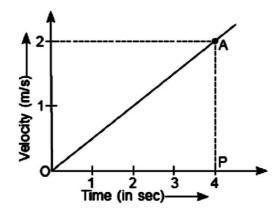


**21.** Based upon cell shape, cell wall and intercellular spaces, prepare a comparative study table between parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma. Which of these tissues is dead.

OR

Answer the followings:

- (a) Name the constituents of phloem tissues.
- (b) Write the specific function of cardiac muscle.
- (c) State two differences between tendon and ligament.
- (d) Name the tissue that:
- (i) forms inner lining of our mouth.
- (ii) forms soft parts of leaf, stem, root and fruit.
- (e) Write two functions of adipose tissues.
- 22. The velocity-time graph of a particle of mass 50 g moving in a definite direction is shown in the following figure. Answer the questions based on this figure.
  - (a) What is the velocity of the particle at point 'A'?
  - (b) Find the momentum of the particle at time t = 4 s.
  - (c) What does the slope of a graph represent?
  - (d) Calculate the distance travelled in 4 seconds.



## SECTION - B

23. Two children stand on two separate carts as shown in the figure.



Each has a bag full of sand or some other heavy object. Let one child throws the bag to the other who catches it.

Does each of them receive an instantaneous reaction as a result of throwing the sand bag (action)? How do you observe that?

Why are skateboards not used in this case?

- 24. Which phenomenon occurs during the following changes?
  - (i) Formation of clouds
  - (ii) Drying of wet clothes,
  - (iii) wax melts in the sun
  - (iv) Size of napthalene balls decreases.
- 25. Composition of the nuclei of two atomic species A and B are given as under:

Elements	A	В
Protons	17	17
Neutrons	18	20

- (a) What are the mass numbers of A and B?
- (b) How are they related to each other?
- 26. An object is suspended with a string which gets stretched. When the object is completely immersed in water, the extension of string decreases. Explain why it happens.

#### OR

During arm wrestling, participants put their arms on the table, and wrestle with the palms. If the force exerted by both the players is equal,

- (a) Where are balanced forces acting?
- (b) Where is the action reaction pair acting?
- 27. Draw a graph for a wave representing wave disturbance and time for a sound changing from low pitch to high pitch, keeping the amplitude of the sound same.