साधना देवी विद्यापीट 🦫 🖈 Punjabi Colony (Dharampur) Samastipur. 848101 (Bihar) Half Yearly Examination-2018-19 Sub &Science PHYSICS Define the term impulsive force. An athelete completes one round of circular track of a diameter 200m in 40 sec. What will be the distance covered and the displacement at the end of 2 min 20 sec ?2 Explain how sound is produced by your school beel? What do you mean by law of conservation of momentum? 2 If action is always equal to the reaction, explain how a horse can pull a cart. Under what condition (s) is the magnitude of average velocity of an object equal 3 to its average speed? What are wavelength, frequency, time-period and amplitude of a sound wave? 3 2. Explain why some of the leaves may get detached from a tree if we vigorously 8. shake it branch. How are the wavelength and frequency of a sound wave related to its speed 9. 10. Prove the motion of equation:-(ii)  $V^2 = U^2 + 2as$  $S = ut + 1/2 at^2$ (i) Distinguish between loudness and intensity of a sound. 11. (i) Calculate the wave-length of a sound wave whose frequency is 220 HZ and (ii) speed is 440 m/s in a given medium. A stone of 1 kg is thrown with a velocity of 20m/s across the frozen surface 12. (i) of a lake and come to rest after travelling a distance of 50m. What is the force of friction between the stone and the ice? A 8000 kg engine pulls a train of 5 wagons each of 2000kg along a horizontal (ii) track. If the engine exerts a force of 40,000 N and the track offers a friction force 5000 N. then calculates. The net accelerating force. (a) The acceleration of the train and (b) The force of wagon 1 on wagon 2. Chemistry "All Questions are compulsory" (Question- (1 to 5) 2 marks each.) A diver is able to cut through water in a swimming pool. Which property of matter 1. does this observation show? What are the characterstics of particles of matter? 3. Give reasons. A gas fills completely the vessel in which it is kept. (a) A woden table should be called a solid. What is the physical state do water at 4.

250°C

(a)

(b)

100°C

Why does a desert cooler cool better on a hot dry day? (Question (6 to 10) 3 marks each.) Difference between homogeneous and hetrogenous mixture with example. 6. 7. How are solution and suspension different form each other? 8. To make saturated solution, 72 g of sodium chloride is dissolved in 100g of water at 293k, find the concetration at this temperature. 9. Name the rechnique to separate. Butter from curd. (a) (b) Salt from sea-water. (c) Comphor form slat. Write the steps you would use for making tea. use the words, solution, collect 10. solute dissolve, soluble, insolubte, filterate and residue. (Question (11 to 12) 5 marks each.) Explain the following with example. (a) Saturated solution. (b) Pure subtance. (c) Colloid (d) Suspension. (e) Homoatomic molecule. Find the moles of atom in 196 gm of H<sub>2</sub>so<sub>4</sub> 12. (moles of H2so4) nu = 2x hr Sou (i) n<sub>H2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> Hint,  $GAM_H = 1g/mol$ (ii) (moles of Hydrogen)  $n_{\rm H}$ (moles of sulppher) ns= 1x n +12504  $GAM_s = 32 \text{ g/mol}$ (iii)  $n_{s}$  $GAM_0 = 16 \text{ g/mol}$ no = 1 x No (moles of oxygen) (iv) (moles of oxygen) (v) 14 = 2x 142504 112504 - 14 Biology Question (i to v) 2 marks each. (i) Cell body of nerve cell is called ARMAN 1. (ii) A dead tissue of plant is called ... Anguing Power house of the cell is called ......

Who introduced the system of scientific nomenclature of organism ... 478 Nacked seed are found in ......... nH=2X nH2S

Question (2 to 5) 5 marks each.

Explain the basis of grouping of organisms into five kingdom. 2.

What are differences between reptiles and amphibians. 3.

4. What is the specific function of cardiac muscle?

Diagramatically show the difference amongst three types of muscle fibre. 5.