#### **FACULTY HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL**

## Half Year Sample Paper 2019-20

# **Subject- Mathematics**

#### Class-IX

| Maxim  | um Mark: 80   |                                   |   |   |                            | Time: 3hrs                  |  |  |  |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| SECTION A (One Mark)   |   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 1.   | The decimal equivalent of $\frac{13}{400}$ is   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) 0.32  | (b) 0.325                         | (c)0.032  | 5 (d)0.0  | 32                         |                             |  |  |  |
| 2.   | Which of the fo   | ollowing is an iri                | rational nu   | mber  |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) √31   | (b)√196                           | (c)√180   | (d) 0.3   | 323223222                  | •••                         |  |  |  |
| 3.   | The value of 24   | 19 <sup>2</sup> -248 <sup>2</sup> |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 4.   | The point who   | se abscissa is -5                 | and lies or   | ı x-axis  |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) (5,0)   | (b)(0,-5)                         | (c) (0,5)   | (d) (-5   | ,0)                        |                             |  |  |  |
| 5.   | . The point at which the two co-ordinate axis meet is called  |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) The origin (b) the quadrant (c) the ord   |                                   |   |   |                            | ordinate (d) the abscissa   |  |  |  |
| 6.   | 6. X=0 is the equation of   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) A line parallel to y-axis (b) a line parallel to x-axis (c) x-axis (d) y-axis   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 7.   | The exterior an   | -                                 | •   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  |   | gles (b) alterna                  |   |   | gles (c                    | d) interior opposite angles |  |  |  |
| 8.   | 8. Which of the following is not the solution of 3x+4y=12   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) (2,3)   | (b) (4,0)                         | (c) (0,3)   | (d) (8,   | -3)                        |                             |  |  |  |
| 9.   | In ΔABC if AB=  |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|  | (a) <b> <c< td=""><td>(b) <math>&lt;</math>A = <math>&lt;</math>B</td><td>(c) <b= <<="" td=""><td>C (d) <a< td=""><td>=<c< td=""><td></td></c<></td></a<></td></b=></td></c<></b> | (b) $<$ A = $<$ B                 | (c) <b= <<="" td=""><td>C (d) <a< td=""><td>=<c< td=""><td></td></c<></td></a<></td></b=> | C (d) <a< td=""><td>=<c< td=""><td></td></c<></td></a<> | = <c< td=""><td></td></c<> |                             |  |  |  |
| 10.  | Which of the f  | ollowing is not                   | a criterion   | for congruenc   | e triangles?               | )                           |  |  |  |
|  | (a) SAS   | (b) SSA                           | (c) ASA   | (d) SS  | S                          |                             |  |  |  |
| 11.  | What will be the  | e sum of two irr                  | ational nur   | mbers?  |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 12. What will be the degree of the polynomial $4x^3+0x^4+2x^2+4$ ? |   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 13. The zero of the polynomial p(x)= 5x-2 will be                  |   |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 14.  | 14. If x>0, y<0 then the point (x,y) lies in which quadrant?  |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| 15   | 15. The weight of a table is four times the weight of a chair. Write an equation in two variables?  |                                   |   |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |

16. The number of planes passing through three non-collinear points is......

- 17. Find the area of triangle with base 8cm height 10cm?
- 18. Find the mean of first 10 whole numbers.
- 19. Find the range of the data: 36,55,12,110,14,72,69,20.
- 20. Find the median of the data: 155,160,145,149,150,147,152,144,148.

### **SECTION B (Two Marks)**

- 21. Represent √3 on number line.
- 22. Evaluate (999)<sup>2</sup> by using suitable identities.
- 23. For what value of p, the point (p,4 lies on the line 3x+y=10
- 24. Does Euclid's fifth postulate imply the existence of parallel lines? Explain.
- 25. The two angles measuring (30°-a) and (125°+2a) are supplementary to each other. Find the value of a.
- 26. Prove that of the entire line segment that can be drawn to given line from a point, not laying on it the perpendicular line segment is the shortest.

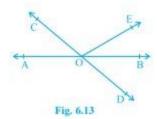
## **SECTION C (Three Marks)**

$$0.6 + 0.\overline{7} + 0.\overline{47}$$

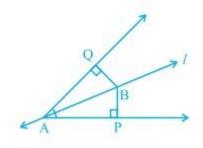
27. Express

in the from  $\frac{p}{q}$  where p and q are integer and  $q \ne 0$ .

- 28. If x+1 is a factor of  $ax^3+x^2-2x+4m-9$  find the value of m.
- 29. Plot the points A (1,3) B(1,-1) C(7,-1) D(7,3). Join the points (i) Name the figure so obtained (ii) Find the area of figure.
- 30. Give the geometric representation of 2 x+9=0 as an equation (i) in one variable (ii) in two variable
- 31. In the given figure lines AB and CD intersect at O. If <AOC + <BOE =  $70^{\circ}$  and <BOD = $40^{\circ}$  find <BOE and Reflex COE



32. Line I is the bisector of an angle <A and B is any point on I. BP and BQ are perpendicular from B to the arms <B. Show that (i)  $\triangle$ APB $\equiv$  $\triangle$ AQB (ii) BP $\equiv$  BQ



- 33. Find the area of a triangle with perimeter 22cm one side 9cm and difference of other two side is 7cm.
- 34. The water tax bills(in rupees) of 30 houses in a locality are given below:

| 44 | 84  | 30  | 96 | 32 | 34 | 96 | 14 | 112 | 74  |
|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| 88 | 110 | 102 | 45 | 75 | 54 | 74 | 78 | 66  | 44  |
| 35 | 15  | 20  | 14 | 40 | 88 | 76 | 66 | 112 | 108 |

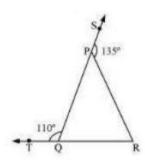
Make a group frequency table with the first class interval as 10-20.

# **SECTION D (Four Marks)**

35. Prove that 
$$\frac{1}{3+\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+1} = 1$$

36. Multiply  $9x^2 + 25y^2 + 15xy + 12x - 20y + 16$  by (3x - 5y - 4) by using suitable identities.

37. In the given figure side QP and RQ of  $\Delta$ PQR are produced to points S and T respectively. If <SPR=  $135^{\circ}$  and <PQT= $110^{\circ}$  find <PRQ.



38. In an isosceles Triangle ABC with AB= AC, the bisector of <B and <C intersect each other at O. Join A to O. Show that (i) OB= OC (II) AO bisect <A

39. Find the area of quadrilateral ABCD in which AB = 50cm, BC= 60cm, CD=30cm, DA=90cm and BD= 70cm.

40. The following tables give the distribution of total mark obtained by the students of different section of class VIII

| Marks    | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 | 100-110 | 110-120 | 120-130 | Total |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| No. of   | 2     | 3     | 5     | 16     | 14      | 13      | 7       | 60    |
| students |       |       |       |        |         |         |         |       |

Draw a histogram and a frequency polygon for the above data.