## MODEL TEST PAPER SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-I (Unsolved-3)

Time: 3hr.
Max Marks: $\mathbf{8 0}$
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
> Attempt all the questions neatly, showing the necessary working wherever required.
$>$ Section-A (Q1-Q10): Each question carries 1 mark.
$>$ Section-B (Q11- Q20): Each question carries 2 marks.
> Section-C (Q 21-Q 30): Each question carries 3 marks.
> Section-D (Q31- Q 35): Each question carries 4 marks.

SECTION A
Q.1. The product of $\frac{5}{7}$ and the additive inverse of $\frac{21}{15}$ is $\qquad$ .
Q.2. How many natural numbers lie between squares of 30 and 31 ?
Q.3. The value of $\sqrt[3]{\frac{-125}{64}}$ is $\qquad$ .
Q.4. Find the value of $x+y+z$ in the figure below:

Q.5. In the given pie chart find the fraction of the circle representing cycle as mode to transport.

Q.6. Three angles of a quadrilateral are $80^{\circ}$ each so the fourth angle will be $\qquad$ .
Q.7. If $x=-2$ then, find the value of $x^{2}-3 x$ is $\qquad$ .
Q.8. The class mark of class interval $60-70$ is $\qquad$ .
Q.9. If $2(x-3)=-5$ then $x=$ $\qquad$ .
Q.10. Simplify $(x+5)(x-5)$.

## SECTION B

Q.11. By what number should we multiply $\frac{-5}{7}$ to get $\frac{-10}{13}$.
Q.12. Evaluate: $\left\{\sqrt{3^{2}+4^{2}}\right\}^{3}$
Q.13. Find x if $5 \mathrm{x}=25^{2}-20^{2}$.
Q.14. A number multiplied by itself gives 729. Find the number.
Q.15. PQRS is a trapezium in which $\mathrm{PQ} \| \mathrm{RS}$. If $\angle \mathrm{P}=\angle \mathrm{Q}=50^{\circ}$, then what is the measure of other two angles?
Q.16. Simplify: $20 a^{2}+6 a-3 a(a-4)$
Q.17. Following frequency distribution table shows marks (out of 50) obtained in Math test by 45 students of class VIII.

| Class Interval | Frequencies |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-10$ | 1 |
| $10-20$ | 6 |
| $20-30$ | 12 |
| $30-40$ | 20 |
| $40-50$ | 6 |
| Total | 45 |

(i) What is the size of the class interval?
(ii) Which class has the highest frequency?
Q.18. Solve for a: $5 a+9=2(7 a-9)$
Q.19. By what least number should we multiply 810 to make it a perfect square?
Q.20. The exterior angle of a regular polygon is $36^{\circ}$. Find the number of sides of the polygon.

## SECTION C

Q.21. Solve for $x: \frac{x}{3}-\frac{1}{5}=\frac{x}{5}+\frac{1}{4}$
Q.22. Find the smallest number of four digits which is a perfect square.
Q.34. Find the value of $\left(x^{2}+2 y\right)(x-y)$ when $x=1$ and $y=-2$.
Q.23. Find six rational numbers between $\frac{-17}{6}$ and $\frac{-5}{3}$ ?
Q.24. Solve: $\frac{2 x+1}{3 x-2}=\frac{9}{10}$
Q.25. The volume of a cubical box is 32.768 cubic metre. Find the length of a side of the box.
Q.26. The following table gives the marks scored students in an entrance examination.

| Marks | $\mathbf{1 - 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 - 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 - 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 4 0}$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 4 | 10 | 16 | 22 | 20 | 18 |

Represent this data in the form of a histogram.
Q.27. The ratio between the exterior angle and the interior angle of a regular polygon is $2: 7$. Find the number of sides in the polygon.
Q.28. Simplify using property and also state the property: $\left\{\frac{7}{5} \times\left(\frac{-1}{4}\right)\right\}+\left\{\frac{7}{5} \times \frac{5}{12}\right\}$
Q.29. RENT is a rectangle with its dimensions in metres. Its diagonals meet at O . If $\mathrm{OR}=3 \mathrm{x}+1, \mathrm{OT}=2 \mathrm{x}+4$. Find
(i) x
(ii) RN
(iii) TE


## SECTION D

Q.36. Solve for x :

$$
5 x-2(2 x-7)=2(3 x-1)+\frac{7}{2}
$$

Q.32. ABCD is a parallelogram in which $\angle \mathrm{DAO}=40^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{BAO}=35^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{COD}=65^{\circ}$.

## Find

(i) $\angle \mathrm{ABO}$
(iii) $\angle \mathrm{ACB}$
(ii) $\angle \mathrm{ODC}$
(iv) $\angle \mathrm{ABC}$
Q.33. (i) If $x+\frac{1}{x}=9$, find $x^{2}+\frac{1}{x^{2}}$.

(ii) Show that $=(9 a+5 b)^{2}=(9 a-5 b)^{2}+180 a b$.
Q.34. An army general wishes to arrange his 10406 men in the form of a square. On doing so he found that 2 men were left. How many men were there in each row?
Q.35. On a particular day the sales (in rupees) of different items of a Baker's shop are given below:

| Ordinary bread | Fruit bread | Cakes | Biscuits | Others |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 320 | 80 | 40 | 120 | 160 |

Draw a pie chart (Show all the calculations)

