# JSITNI ACBSE Coaching for Ongathematics and Science 

## Maths Class - 7 Triangles and their Properties -1

## Points to Remember:

* A closed figure of three line segments is called triangle.
$\therefore$ Sum of angles of a triangle is $180^{\circ}$.
* Exterior angle of a triangle is equal to sum of two interior opposite angles.
* Sum of the two sides of triangle is greater than Third side
* Angle opposite to equal side of triangle are equal.
* Angle opposite to longer side of triangle is the greatest.
* A line segment that connect a vertex to the midpoint of its opposite side is called Median.
$\therefore \quad$ A triangle has three median. A common point through which all median passes is called centroid.
* A perpendicular line drawn from vertex to opposite side of triangle is called Altitude. The point where all three altitude meet is called orthocenter.
*     - The sum of squares of the legs of a rightangled triangle is equal to the square of its hypotenuse. This is called the Pythagoras property
* Three natural numbers that hold Pythagoras property are called Pythagorean triplets.


## Maths Class - 7 Triangles and their Properties -1

1. Prove that sum of angles of a triangle is $180^{\circ}$.
2. Prove that exterior angle of a triangle is equal to sum of two interior opposite angles.
3. Find the missing angles of triangle.

Q. 4 Find the measure of missing angles of triangle.

b)

d)

4. Find the missing angles for each of triangles.

5. The ratio of the interior angles of triangle is $3: 2$ and their opposite exterior angle is $150^{\circ}$. What is the measure of each interior angles?
6. Find the value of $x$ in each fig.
a)


c)

