

10th Class Exam 2018 SAMPLE PAPER - 8

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Subject: Social Science

Maximum marks: 80

General Instructions

1. The question paper has 27 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
2. Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
3. Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
4. Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
5. Question number 26 and 27 are map questions. Question number 26 is of 2 marks. Question number 27 is of 3 marks.
 1. At which place was the Frankfurt Assembly convened?
Or What was the aim of the French with the introduction of French language as a medium of instruction?
 2. By what globalisation has been facilitated?
 3. What was the Civil Rights Movement?
 4. Why is tertiary sector also termed as service sector?
 5. How is the caste of a person determined in India?
 6. What name was given by the British Government to newly irrigated areas to settle peasants of Punjab?
 7. Inter-state river water disputes increased significantly in past years. Why so?
 8. How did nationalism and the idea of the nation-state emerge ? Or Describe the features of the colonial economy in Vietnam.
 9. Analyse the influence of physical factors in the distribution pattern of the railway network of the country.
 10. What values of Satyagraha made it an important tool against colonial British power during National Movement? What values do you learn from Satyagraha?
 11. Suggest some reforms that should be implemented in Indian political system.
 12. How democracy can be improved by constitutional legal changes?
 13. "Even after so many years of democracy, India still faces challenges in holding elections." Analyse this statement.

14. Explain any three social changes that took place in the family life in the 18th century in London.

Or Explain any six causes of the Great Depression in the US between 1929-1932.

Or Mention any three benefits due to industrialisation.

15. What is a resource? Also state its characteristics.

16. Give the chief features of the secondary sector.

17. Which state is the largest producer of manganese in India? Mention any four uses of it,

18. What does sustainability of development mean? How can sustainable development be achieved?

19. Discuss any three problems faced by the Indian cotton industry and suggest two ways to solve them.

20. Print led to intense controversies between social and religious reformers and Hindi orthodoxy. Support the statement with an example. Or "Novels helped in creating a sense of social awareness in India." Explain.

21. Explain any five measures adopted by America for postwar (First World War) recovery.

Or What is the importance of advertisement? How advertisement was used by the Britishers to expand the market for their products?

Or Describe in brief the development of Bombay (Mumbai) as the Prime city of India.

22. What are the advantages and disadvantages of globalisation? Explain three in each case.

23. The rights of consumers are protected by a three-tier quasi judicial system in India. Comment.

24. Describe any three demands of the Sri Lankan Tamils. How did they struggle for their demands?

25. What is the main difference between a federal form of government and a unitary one?

26. Mark and locate the following on the given map of India.

(i) State in which Martial law was imposed after Rowlatt Act. (ii) State from which four-volumes of folk tales of Natesa Shastri Published

27. On the given political map of India, locate, mark and label the following with appropriate symbols.

(i) Iron ore mine in Western Ghats exporting the ore.

(ii) The state with the highest bauxite production in India.

(iii) The only nuclear power plant in Uttar Pradesh.