

10th Class Exam 2018 SAMPLE PAPER -2

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Subject: Social Science

Maximum marks: 80

General Instructions

1. When did Mahatma Gandhi return to India from South Africa? (1)
2. State the role of terrace cultivation in hilly areas. (1)
3. Name some primitive agricultural farming practices in South East Asia. (1)
4. What do you understand by Black Power Movement in USA? (1)
5. What are the basic characteristics of modern democracy? (1)
6. Suggest ways to neutralise disguised unemployment in agricultural sector. (1)
7. Why do MNCs set up their offices and factories in those regions where they get cheap labour and other resources? (1)
8. (a) What were the effects of the Civil Disobedience Movement?
(b) What values we have learnt from the Civil Disobedience Movement? (3)
9. "Industrialisation and urbanisation go hand in hand." Justify the statement. (3)
10. Mention any three factors that determine the economic viability of a reserve. (3)
11. What is Gram Sabha? Describe any four functions of a Gram Sabha. (3)
12. How are economic development and human development related to each other? (3)
13. Explain the need for consumer consciousness by giving two examples? (3)
14. Explain the forms of casteism in Indian politics. (3)
15. What is meant by Regional Political Party? State the condition required to be recognised as a regional political party. (3)
16. How did print help to spread new ideas that led to the reformation in Europe?
Or Elaborate up on the contribution of Charles Dickens in the field of novel writing. (3)
17. Why may an area or region having ample water resources still face water scarcity? (3)
18. 'The decade of 1830 had brought great economic hardship in Europe'. Justify the statement. (3)
Or
Explain any three steps taken by the French to solve the problem of plague in Vietnam. (3)
19. Suggest any five points of importance of mass communication. (5)
20. The Civil Disobedience Movement came into force in various parts of the country. Explain by giving examples. (5)
21. 'National Development of a country depends on the availability of public facilities'. Explain. (5)
22. What were the three demands of the Sri Lankan Tamils? How did they struggle for their demands? (5)
23. If we redefine democracy out of political context, what could be its possible definitions? (5)
24. What steps should be taken to create more employment? Explain. (5)
25. Why was there a shortage of labour willing to work for wages in Africa in the 1890s?
Or, By the first decade of the 20th century, a series of changes affected the pattern of industrialization in India. Explain. Or, Compare and contrast the cities of London and Bombay. (5)

26. Mark and locate the following on the given map of India. (i) A place where the Congress session was held in 1929, (ii) The place famous for Peasant Satyagraha (1920-21)

27. Three features are marked on the map given below. Identify and label them.

(i) A cotton textile industry (ii) An iron and steel plant (iii) A software technology park (1 x 3 = 3)

