BSE Coaching for Mathematics and Science

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - I, 2016-17

SCIENCE

Class - X

Maximum Marks: 90 Time Allowed: 3 hours

General Instructions:

- 1. The question paper comprises of two Sections, A and B. You are to attempt both the sections.
- 2. All questions are compulsory
- 3. All questions of Section-A and all questions of Section-B are to be attempted separately.
- 4. Question numbers 1 to 3 in Section-A are one mark questions. These are to be answered in one word or in one sentence
- 5. Question numbers 4 to 6 in Sections-A are two marks questions. These are to be answered in about 30 words each.
- 6. Question numbers 7 to 18 in Section-A are three marks questions. These are to be answered in about 50 words each
- 7. Question numbers 19 to 24 in Section-A are five marks questions. These are to be answered in about 70 words each.
- 8. Question numbers 25 to 33 in Section-B are multiple choice questions based on practical skills. Each question is a one mark question. You are to select one most appropriate response out of the four provided to you.
- 9. Question numbers 34 to 36 in Section-B are questions based on practical skills. Each question is of two marks.

SECTION-A

- 1 Differentiate between gustatory receptors and olfactory receptors. 1 List two sources of magnetic fields. 3 1 Name any two non-conventional sources of energy. Write a chemical equation to describe how baking soda is produced on a large scale. Also 2 write chemical names of the products obtained in this reaction. 2 Define the term alloy. Give two advantages of making alloys. M 2 Why do herbivores have longer, small intestine than carnivores? Two Solutions X and Y are tested with universal indicator. Solution X turns orange whereas 3 7 solution Y turns red. Which of the solutions is a stronger acid? State the meaning of strong acids and weak acids. Give one example of each. Name the substance oxidised and the substance reduced, and also identify the oxidizing agent and 3 8 reducing agents in the following reactions: 3MnO₂ + 4Al → 3Mn + 2Al₂O₃ (a) $Fe_2O_2 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$ (b) 50, +2H,S → 3S+2H2O
- (c) A solution of a metal salt was kept in a copper pot. After a few days, the copper pot was found to 3 9 have a number of holes on it. Explain the reason with the help of equation. Which metal salt could it possibly be?
- What is meant by electrolytic reduction? How is sodium obtained from its molten chloride? 3 10

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Explain.

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- 11 Write one example each of the following tropic movements:
 - Positive phototropism
 - (ii)Negative phototropism
 - (iii) Positive geotropism
 - (iv) Negative geotropism
 - (v) Hydrotropism
 - (vi) Chemotropism
- Draw a neat diagram of sectional view of human heart and label on it: 15
 - 3

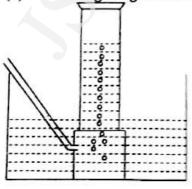
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- Pulmonary artery Pulmonary vein (n)
- Explain the feed back mechanism to regulate the action of the hormones with the help of one 3 suitable example. 14
- 400 Joules of heat is produced per second in a 16 Ω resistor. Find the potential difference 3 across the resistor
- Generally in domestic electric circuits two seperate circuits, one for high power appliances 3 15 and the other for low power appliances are used. Give reason for this practise.
- 16 Give reason for the following:
 - Why are copper and aluminium wires used as connecting wires?
 - Why is tungsten used for filaments of electric lamps? (ii)
 - (iii) Why is lead - tin alloy used for fuse wires?
- There are upcoming tidal power plants in Gujarat and West Bengal. But tides as a source of 3 17 energy have not been tapped properly in India.
 - Is tidal energy a renewable or a non renewable source of energy? Give reason for your answer.
 - (ii) How is tidal energy produced?
 - Why are tidal power plants not being developed extensively? (iii)
- 18 (a) State two uses of biogas.
 - Slurry left in biogas plant is considered a useful product. Justify this statement by **(b)** giving two reasons.
- Define a chemical reaction. State four observations which help us to determine that a chemical 5 19 reaction has taken place. Write one example of each observation with a balanced chemical equation.

A metal is treated with dilute sulphuric acid. The gas evolved is collected by the method shown in the figure. Answer the following questions:

- Name the gas evolved. (i)
- Name the type of chemical reaction that takes place. (ii)
- Name the method of collection of gas. (ini)
- Is the gas soluble or insoluble in water? (iv)
- Is the gas lighter or heavier than air? (v)



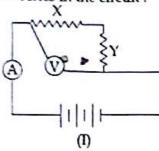
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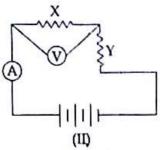
0)	Defin	ne excretion. State the basic filtration unit in the kidney. Draw a labeled diagram of its cture. Explain the mechanism of urine formation in human beings.	5	
3 22		blish a relation for the equivalent resistance of three resistors connected in parallel.	5	
3.1	Calc	ulate the resistance between A and B in the network shown below.	5	
		4 Ω		
	•			
	A	B		
23	(a)	How is the strength of the magnetic field at a point near a straight conductor related to	5	
	the st	trength of the electric current flowing in the conductor?		
	(b)	With the help of a diagram describe an activity to show that a straight conductor		
	carry	carrying current produces a magnetic field-around it. State the rule which may be used to		
		mine the direction of magnetic field thus produced.		
24	(c)	Why do two magnetic field lines never intersect each other? Explain.	200	
24	(a)	State Ohm's law. Give the relationship between potential difference, electric current and resistance of a conductor.	5	
	(b)	An electric circuit consisting of a 1.0 m long metallic wire AB, an ammeter, a voltmeter.		
	(-)	3 cells of 2.0 volts each and plug key was set up. Draw a diagram of this electric circuit		
		in the on position.		
	(c)	Find the resistance of an electric lamp, if the lamp uses 20 A. When connected to a 220		
		V line.		
		५ भाग−ख		
25	Sugge	est the solution which you would choose for testing pH of given sample :	1	
	(a)	Blue litmus (b) Red litmus		
	67	Universal indicator solution (d) Lime water		
26		n below are diagrams of three test tubes containing dil. HCl, dil. ethanoic acid and NaOH 1	É	
	soluti	on.		
	(i)	勇 (1) [蓋 (11) [蓋		
	€:			
	dil l	HCl dil ethanoic acid NaOH solution		
	Choos	se the correct statement :		
	(a)	pH of I is greater than pH of II and III.		
	(b)	pH of III is greater than pH of I and II.		
	(c)	pH of I, II, III is equal.		
27	(d)	pH of II is greater than pH of I and III.	3	
27		dil HCl is added to Na ₂ CO ₃ the gas liberated is : hydrogen (b) carbon dioxide	1	
	(a) (c)	carbon monoxide (d) chlorine		
28	117.00	n nail was dipped in a solution kept in test tube. After half an hour, it was observed	1	
-		lour of the solution has changed. The solution in test tube was:	1	
		ZnSO ₄ (b) CuSO ₄		
	55 50	$FeSO_4 \qquad \qquad (d) \qquad Al_2(SO_4)_3$		
29	Renu a	idded some iron filings to 100 ml of copper sulphate solution. After sometime she	1	
	observe	ed that the colour of the solution changed and noticed some deposits on the iron filings.		
	The col	our of the solution and the coating would respectively be :		

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- (a) brown and blue
- red and blue **(b)**
- (3) green and reddish-brown
- yellow and green (d)

Out of the two circuits given below, the two resistors X and Y have been correctly connected in series in the circuit:





(a)

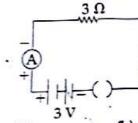
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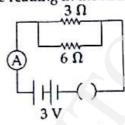
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- (c) both I and II
- (b)
- (d) none of these

A student found that when a resistance of 3Ω was joined with 3V battery as per fig shown 1 below, the current flowing through it was 1A. He then joined another resistance of 6Ω in parallel with 3Ω resistance. The reading in the ammeter will now be:





- (a)
- 1.5 A (c)
- (d)

In the experiment to show that 'light is necessary for photosynthesis', if the plant leaf is not 1 destarched, then its covered as well as uncovered part show blue colour in iodine test. The reason for the observation is that:

- (a) Leaf has no starch left
- Leaf has starch left from photosynthesis occurred earlier (b)
- Leaf is only respiring (c)
- Leaf is dead

During the experiment to show that 'CO2 is released during respiration,' the partial vacuum 1 33 created in the conical flask results in:

- decrease of the water level in the bent tube (a)
- there is no change in the water level in the bent tube (b)
- Rise of the water level in the bent tube (c)
- decrease and then increase of the water level in the bent tube

When an iron nail, rubbed with sand paper, is dipped in copper sulphate solution, what two 2 34 observations would you make after some time?

Draw a diagram of a circuit showing a resistor and a voltmeter connected in parallel. 35

Kishan was asked to write any two precautions while preparing temporary mount of a leaf 2 36 peel. He wrote the precautions as follows:

While removing the epidermal peel, ensure that you remove the bulky scrap of leaf.

Avoid air bubbles formation while putting a drop of glycerine over the peel. If Kishan is not correct, then correct him.