

Class 9 chapter Sound CBSE Solved Test paper-1

Solved Numerical

1. A person observes the smoke from a gun 1.4 sec before he hears the bang. If the gun is 476 m away from the person, find the speed of sound?

Ans: the speed of sound = $\frac{476}{1.4} = 340\text{m/s}$

2. A person standing near the cliff fires the gun and heard the echo after 1.5 sec. If the speed of sound in air is 340m/sec, how far is person from the cliff?

Ans: $d = \frac{v t}{2} = \frac{340 \times 1.5}{2} = 255\text{m}$

3. A sound wave of frequency 5000 Hz travel in air with speed of 350m/sec. Calculate the wave length.

Ans: $v = n \lambda \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{v}{n} = \frac{350}{5000} = 0.07\text{m}$

4. If you hear thunder 7sec after you see the lightning, how far you from the lightning occurred?

Ans: $d = s \times t = (340 \times 7) = 2380\text{m}$

5. A bat emits ultrasonic wave of frequency 30 KHz. If its speed is 350m/s and bats hear its echo after 0.6 sec after emitting the , find how far is bat from obstacle and wave length of wave?

Ans: $f = 30 \text{ KHz} = 30000\text{Hz}$

$d = \frac{v t}{2} = \frac{350 \times 0.6}{2} = 105 \text{ m}$

$\lambda = \lambda = \frac{v}{f} = \frac{350}{30000} = 0.011666666666 = 11.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$

6. Meera is standing between two hills. She shouted loudly and hears first echo after 0.5 sec and second echo after 1 sec. what is distance between two hills?

Let the distance b/w nearest cliff and meera = x m

and the distance b/w distant cliff and meera = y m

Distance b/w two cliff = (x + y) m

Total distance covered by sound to produce first echo = 2x m and time = 0.5 sec

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 340 \times 0.5 \Rightarrow x = \frac{340 \times 0.5}{2} = 85 \text{ m}$$

Total distance covered by sound to produce 2nd echo = 2y m and time = 1 sec

$$\Rightarrow 2y = 340 \times 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{340 \times 1}{2} = 170 \text{ m}$$

So, Distance b/w two cliff = (85 + 170) = 255 m

7. If 2000 ripples produced in 5 sec in a pond find time period and frequency of ripples formation.

Ans: No. of ripples in 5 s = 2000 No. of ripples in 1 s = $2000 / 5 = 400$

Frequency = 400 Hz

$$\text{Time period} = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{400} \text{ s} = 0.0025 \text{ sec}$$

8. A man standing in a valley between two parallel mountains fires a gun and hears echo at an interval of 2 s and 3.5 s. What is (a) The distance between two mountains (b) the location of the man with respect to the mountain?

Ans: speed of sound = 340 m/sec

Let the distance b/w nearest cliff and man = x m

and the distance b/w distant cliff and man = y m

Distance b/w two cliff = (x + y) m

Total distance covered by sound to produce first echo = 2x m and time = 2 sec

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 340 \times 2 \Rightarrow x = (340 \times 2)/2 = 340 \text{ m}$$

Total distance covered by sound to produce 2nd echo = 2y m and time = 3.5 sec

$$\Rightarrow 2y = 340 \times 3.5 \Rightarrow y = (340 \times 3.5)/2 = 595 \text{ m}$$

So, Distance b/w two cliff = (340 + 595) = 935 m

9. Calculate the wavelength of a sound whose frequency is 220 Hz and speed is 440m/s in a given medium.

Ans: $v = 440 \text{ m/s}$; $f = 220$

$$v = f \times \lambda \Rightarrow 440 = \lambda \times 220 \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{440}{220} = 2$$

10. A body is vibrating 6000 times in 1 minute. If the velocity of sound in air is 360 m/s, find

(i) Frequency in Hz (ii) wavelength of sound.

Ans: A body is vibrating 6000 times in 1 minute

$$f = \frac{6000}{60} = 100 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{v}{f} = 360/100 = 3.6\text{m}$$

11. A stone is dropped from a 500 m tall building into a pond. When is sound splash heard? Given $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$, speed of sound = 340 m/s.

Ans: Time taken by stone to reach pond = t

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2} gt^2 \Rightarrow 500 = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times t^2 \Rightarrow t = 10 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{Time taken by sound to travel 500 m} = D/v = 500/340 = 1.47 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{total time to hear splash} = 10 \text{ sec} + 1.47\text{sec} = 11.47 \text{ sec}$$

12. An echo is heard in 3 sec after the emission of sound. If speed of sound in air is 342 m/s, what is the distance of the reflecting surface from the source?

$$\text{Ans: } d = \frac{v \times t}{2} = \frac{342 \times 3}{2} = 513 \text{ m}$$

13. A source of wave produces 40 crests and 40 troughs in 0.4sec .Find the frequency of the wave.

Ans : As one crest and one trough together make a wave produces 40 crests and 40 troughs is equal to 40 waves. So the source produces 40 waves per second so 40 Hz is the frequency.

14. Water wave enter a dock at a rate of 120 crests per minute. At the dock are 2 poles 12 m apart from each other. a worker watches a particular wave crest pass from one pole to another in 4s.what is the frequency of the wave?

Ans: Frequency is the number of waves crossing a referring point,

As Water wave enter a dock at a rate of 120 crests per minute $f = 120/60 = 2$

Water wave enter a dock at a rate of 120 crests per second. So the frequency is 2 Hz.

15. A sonar device on a submarine sends out a signal and receives an echo 5 s later. Calculate the speed of sound in water if the distance of the object from the submarine is 3625 m.

Ans: Time taken to hear the echo, $t = 5$ s

Distance of the object from the submarine, $d = 3625$ m

Total distance travelled by the sonar waves during the transmission and reception in

water = $2d$ Velocity of sound in water, $v = \frac{2d}{t} = \frac{2 \times 3625}{5} = 1450$ m/s