## CBSE TEST PAPER-01 CLASS - IX MATHEMATICS (Number System)

- 1. Which of the following rational numbers have terminating decimal representation?
- [1] 3/5
- [2] 3/13
- [3] 40/27
- [4] 23/7
- 2. How many rational numbers can be found between two distinct rational numbers?
- (i)Two
- (ii) Ten (iii) Zero

(iv) Infinite

3. The value of

 $(2+\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})$  in

- (i)1
- (ii)-1

(iii) 2

(iv) none of these

- 4. (27)<sup>-2/3</sup> is equal to
- (i) 9

- (ii) 1/9
- (iii) 3

(iv) none of these

- 5. Simplify:  $\sqrt[3]{2}$   $x\sqrt[4]{3}$
- 6. Find the two rational numbers between  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{3}$
- 7. Find two irrational numbers between 2 and 3.
- 8. Multiply  $\sqrt{5}$ by 6  $\sqrt{2}$
- 9. Express 0.8888... in the form p/q
- 10. Simply by rationalizing denominator  $\frac{7+3\sqrt{5}}{7-3\sqrt{5}}$
- 11. Simplify  $\{(625^{-1/2})^{-1/4}\}^2$
- 12 Visualize 3.76 on the line using successive magnification
- 13. Prove that  $\frac{1}{1+x^{b-a}+x^{c-a}} + \frac{1}{1+x^{a-b}+x^{c-b}} + \frac{1}{1+x^{a-c}+x^{b-c}} = 1$
- 14. Prove  $\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4}} \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}+\sqrt{9}} = 2$
- 15. Represent 1.23 in rational form.