

## VIII Mathematics Chapter- Rational Number

## CBSE TEST PAPER-01

Q.1. Write.

(i) The rational number that does not have a reciprocal.

(ii) The rational numbers that is equal to their reciprocals.

(iii) The rational number that is equal to its negative.

(iv) The additive inverse of a negative number

Answer: (i) 0 (ii) 1 and (-1) (iii) 0 (iv) Negative

Q. 2. Fill in the blanks.

(i) Zero has \_\_\_\_\_ reciprocal.

(ii) The numbers \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are their own reciprocals

(iii) The reciprocal of - 5 is \_\_\_\_\_.

(iv) Reciprocal of  $1/x$ , where  $x \neq 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

(v) The product of two rational numbers is always a \_\_\_\_\_.

(vi) The reciprocal of a positive rational number is \_\_\_\_\_.

(vii) The number which can be written in the form of  $p/q$ , where  $q \neq 0$ , is called \_\_\_\_\_ number.

(A) Rational (B) Irrational (C) Real (D) Natural

(viii) All rational numbers have multiplicative inverse except \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) -1 (B) 1 (C) 0 (D) None

(ix) P and q in  $p/q$  form of rational number is -----

(A) primes (B) Co primes (C) Rational (D) Natural

(x) A rational number  $p/q$  is said to be in the simplest form if the HCF of p and q is

(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) 3

(xi) Between any two distinct rational numbers there exist

(a) Finite rational numbers

(b) Infinite rational numbers

(a) No rational number

(d) None of the above

(xii) A rational number  $a/b$  is greater than  $c/d$  if(a)  $ad > bc$  (b)  $ad < bc$  (c)  $ad = bc$  (d)  $ad \neq bc$ 

(xiii) Is zero a rational number

(a) Yes (b) No (c) Can't say

(xiv) Rational numbers are not closed under

(a) Addition

(b) Multiplication

(c) Division

(d) Subtraction

(xv) If the additive inverse of "b" is "a" then:

(A)  $axb=1$  (B)  $a=b$  (C)  $a+b=0$  (D)  $a-b=0$ Answer: (i) No (ii) 1, -1 (iii)  $-1/5$ 

(iv) x (v) Rational number (vi) positive

(vii) Rational number (viii) C

(ix) Co primes

(x) (b)

(xi) (b)

(xii) (a) (xiii) (a)

(xiv) (c)

(xv) (c)

3. Solve:

1. If you subtract  $1/2$  from a number and multiply the result by  $1/2$ , you get  $1/8$ . What is the number?

2. Three consecutive integers are such that when they are taken in increasing order and multiplied by 2, 3, and 4 respectively, they add up to 74. Find these numbers.

4. Represent the following rational numbers on the number line

(a)  $-1/4$  (b)  $-1\frac{1}{5}$  (c)  $-3\frac{8}{5}$  (d)  $-7/10$  (e)  $-5/3$ 

5. Find two rational numbers between

(i) -2 and 2. (ii) -1 and 0.

6. Insert six rational numbers between

(i)  $-1/3$  and  $-2/3$  (ii)  $1/4$  and  $1/2$ 

7. Arrange the following numbers in ascending order:

 $4/-9$ ,  $-5/12$ ;  $7/-18$ ;  $-2/3$

8. Arrange the following numbers in descending order:  $-\frac{5}{6} - \frac{7}{12}$  ;  $-\frac{13}{28}$  ;  $\frac{23}{-24}$

9 Represent  $4\frac{2}{3}$  on the number line.

10. What number should be added to  $-\frac{7}{8}$  to get  $\frac{4}{9}$ ?

11. The sum of two rational numbers is  $-\frac{1}{2}$ . If one of the numbers is  $\frac{5}{6}$ , find the other.

12. What number should be subtracted from  $-\frac{2}{3}$  to get  $-\frac{1}{2}$ ?

13. Verify whether the given statement is true or not: (i)  $(59 \div 13) \div 52 = 59 \div (13 \div 52)$

14. Divide the sum of  $\frac{13}{5}$  and  $-\frac{12}{7}$  by the product of  $-\frac{31}{7}$  and  $-\frac{1}{2}$ .

15. The product of two rational numbers is  $-\frac{16}{9}$ . If one of the numbers is  $-\frac{4}{3}$ , find the other.

16. Find three rational numbers between 4 and 5.

17. Find three rational numbers between  $\frac{2}{3}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$ .

18. Find the HCF of  $\frac{9}{10}$ ,  $\frac{12}{25}$ ,  $\frac{18}{35}$ ,  $\frac{21}{40}$   
[Hint: HCF of Fraction = (HCF of Numerators/LCM of denominators) =  $\frac{3}{1400}$ ]

19. After reading  $\frac{7}{9}$  of a book, 40 pages are left. How many pages are there in the book?

20. A drum full of rice weighs  $40\frac{1}{6}$  kg. If the empty drum weighs  $13\frac{3}{4}$  kg, find the weight of rice in the drum.

21. Raju earns Rs16000/month. He spends  $\frac{1}{4}$  of his income on food;  $\frac{3}{10}$  of the remainder on house rent and  $\frac{5}{21}$  of the remainder on education of children. How much money is still left with him?

22. Multiple Choice Questions

1. For what value of 'a' the number  $-\frac{11}{a}$  is not a rational number.

(a) -1 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) 10      [(b) 1]

3. Find the value of.  $(-\frac{9}{5}) + (-\frac{8}{5}) \div (\frac{5}{2}) \times (-\frac{5}{4})$

(a) -1 (b) -3 (c) 2 (d) -8

4. The additive inverse of  $-\frac{1}{3} - (-\frac{1}{3})$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (b) 0 (c)  $-\frac{1}{3}$  (d) None of these.

5. What is the quotient when a non-zero rational number is divided by its additive inverse?

a) 0 b) -1 c) 1 d) None of these

Q. Give an example to show that whole numbers are not closed whole number under subtraction

Answer:  $5 - 7 = -2$ , which is not a Whole numbers

Hence, whole number are not closed

Q. Give an example to show that whole or integers numbers are not closed under division.

Answer:  $5 \div 8 = \frac{5}{8}$  and  $-5 \div 8 = -\frac{5}{8}$

$\Rightarrow$  Remember whole numbers are closed under addition and multiplications

$\Rightarrow$  Remember Integer are closed under addition, subtraction and multiplications only

$\Rightarrow$  Rational numbers are closed under addition, subtraction and multiplication

$\Rightarrow$  Rational numbers are not closed under division.

$\Rightarrow$  The rational number 0 is the additive identity for rational numbers.

$\Rightarrow$  The rational number 1 is the multiplicative identity for rational numbers.